

SITE ASSESSMENT - Kingston Business Park, Fullers Way South

Kingston Business Park, Fullers 0.36 Address: Area: Way South, Chessington **Site Reference:** SOB3

Current Use	Proposed Use
Industrial, storage and distribution uses	Residential-led mixed-use development, including commercial, business and service uses

Current Vulnerability Classification	Proposed Vulnerability Classification
Less Vulnerable	More Vulnerable

Current Risk Summary					
FI	Fluvial / Tidal		Groundwater		
FZ2	0.00	% of Site	<25	100	% of Site
FZ3a	0.00	% of Site	25-50	0	% of Site
FZ3b	0.00	% of Site	50-75	0	% of Site
Surface Water			>75	0	% of Site
1 in 30*	3.24	24 % of Site Artificial			
1 in 100*	24.91	% of Site	Reservoir	NO	At risk?
1 in 1000*	82.74	% of Site	Nesel voli	NO	
Sewer Flooding					
No. of Inciden			its		89- 132

Flood Defences

Site is not in an area benefitting from flood defences.

Flood Warning Area

The EA Flood Warning Service is not available at this site.

FLUVIAL / TIDAL

Risk Assessment (Defended)				
Parameter	FZ3b	FZ3a	*FZ3a+CC	Units
Time of Onset	N/A	N/A	N/A	Hrs
Min. Depth	N/A	N/A	N/A	m
Max. Depth	N/A	N/A	N/A	m
Max. Velocity	N/A	N/A	N/A	m/s
Max Flood Level	N/A	N/A	N/A	m AOD
Max Ground Level	N/A	N/A	N/A	m AOD
Min Ground Level	N/A	N/A	N/A	m AOD
Max Flood Hazard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Duration of Flood	N/A	N/A	N/A	Hrs

Risk Assessment (Thames Undefended)				
Parameter	FZ3a	*FZ3a+CC	Units	
Time of Onset	N/A	N/D	Hrs	
Min. Depth	N/A	N/D	m	
Max. Depth	N/A	N/D	m	
Max. Velocity	N/A	N/D	m/s	
Max. Hazard	N/A	N/D	N/A	
Duration of Flood	N/A	N/D	Hrs	

Description of Flood Mechanism
N/A - Fluvial / tidal risk predicted at this
site is negligible.

Site Access / Egress N/A - No fluvial / tidal risk is predicted at this site.

Figure 2 - Fluvial Flood Hazard Map

Mitigation / FRA Requirements

N/A - No fluvial / tidal risk is predicted at this site.

Figure 1 - Fluvial Flood Depth Map

SURFACE WATER

Risk Assessment				
Parameter	1 in 30	1 in 100	1 in 1000	Units
Min. Depth	0.00 - 0.15	0.00 - 0.15	< 0.15	m
Max. Depth	0.15 - 0.30	0.30 - 0.60	0.30 - 0.60	m
Max. Velocity	0.25 - 0.50	0.25 - 0.50	1.00 - 2.00	m/s
Max. Hazard	0.75 - 1.25	0.75 - 1.25	1.25 - 2.00	N/A

*The 1 in 1000 annual probability extent represents the potential climate change adjusted impact of current risk

Description of Flood Mechanism

The central area within the site is at high risk of surface water flooding.

Climate change will increase the depth, maximum velocity and maximum hazard of surface water flooding.

Site Access / Egress

Safe access and egress routes should be directed to the east of the site towards Fullers Way South and Ranyard Close where there is a lower risk of flooding.

Figure 3 - RoFSW Flood Depth Map

Mitigation - Flood Risk Requirements

Development should be directed away from the central areas of the site where there is higher risk of surface water flooding.

Mitigation - Surface Water Drainage

- All planning applications need a flood risk assessment and/or drainage strategy with a completed SuDS/Drainage proforma.
- Developments should apply the Sustainable Drainage Hierarchy set out in Policy SI 13 of the London Plan.
- Ground investigations are required to confirm whether infiltration SuDS are suitable.

Figure 4 - RoFSW Flood Hazard Map

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^{*} return periods for potential flood events



SITE ASSESSMENT - Kingston Business Park, Fullers Way South

SEWER	GROUNDWATER	ARTIFICIAL
Risk Assessment	Risk Assessment	Risk Assessment
• The site falls within two postcode areas where there are 89-	• The site is classified as having < 25% susceptibility to groundwater	• This site is not locatd in an area at risk of flooding from reservoirs.
132 reported flood incidents from sewer flooding.	flooding.	

• The site is assumed to be served by separate surface water and • The site is underlain by London Clay Formation bedrock geology. foul sewer networks, given their proximity to the site.

Figure 6 - Areas Susceptible to Groundwater Flooding Map Figure 7 - Outline Reservoir Flood Map

M	litigation Requirements

- Applicant should carry out a screening study (as a minimum) to establish if there are any subterranean flood risk issues that may require further investigation.
- If there is a potential level of impact, mitigation actions must be proposed.
- Must be prepared by a chartered professional or specialist.

Mitigation Requirements

- Propose appropriate and proportionate risk management measures.
- A suitable emergency response plan should be put in place, including an emergency warning system in the event of a reservoir flooding incident.

ARTIFICIAL Risk Assessment

• Local Authority Emergency Planning Officers must be consulted to create a reservoir failure emergency and evacuation plan

Figure 5 - Thames Water Sewer Flood Map

Mitigation Requirements

- Applicant must consult with TWUL to confirm if the development site has historically flooded. TWUL must agree to any proposed sewer connections.
- Where historic flooding has occurred, the applicant must show how this risk will be managed for the lifetime of the development.

PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

Safety of Development

A. Can the development be future proofed for climate change considerations?

• Yes. See SFRA - Level 2 Report Section 4 mitigation requirement number 4.2 for the required flood resistant / resilient building stipulations.

B. Can the development be designed safe throughout its lifetime without increasing flood risk elsewhere?

- Yes. The development must use surface water drainage techniques to manage surface water runoff onsite through above ground SuDS and / or below ground attenuation. Green drainage infrastructure should be prioritised to provide wider ecological / biodiversity benefits as per London Plan Policy SI 13.
- See SFRA Level 2 Report Section 4 mitigation requirement number 4.5 for compensatory flood storage stipulations.

C. What is the cumulative impact of the development land use change and will flood risk increase?

- The development land use will change from 'Less Vulnerable' to 'More Vulnerable'.
- The site is predominantly covered by impermeable areas. This offers an opportunity to improve flood attenuation through the new development.
- Development must mitigate any increase in impermeable area to the site with flood plain compensation and runoff storage to prevent any increase in flood risk. An increase in impermeable area coverage on site will increase surface water runoff and flood risk if not managed properly.

D. How can the development reduce risk overall?

- Direct development away from northwestern areas of the site.
- Safe access and egress routes should be directed to the southwest of the site towards Tithe Barn Close where there is a lower risk of flooding.
- By complying with Policy DM4 of the Kingston Core Strategy (2012) through including SuDS to ensure that the development is not vulnerable to surface water, sewer and groundwater flooding and to reduce the overall level of flood risk in the borough and beyond.
- By complying with SFRA Level 2 Report Section 4 mitigation requirement numbers 4.2, 4.3 and 4.5.

E. Will development require a flood risk permit/watercourse consent?

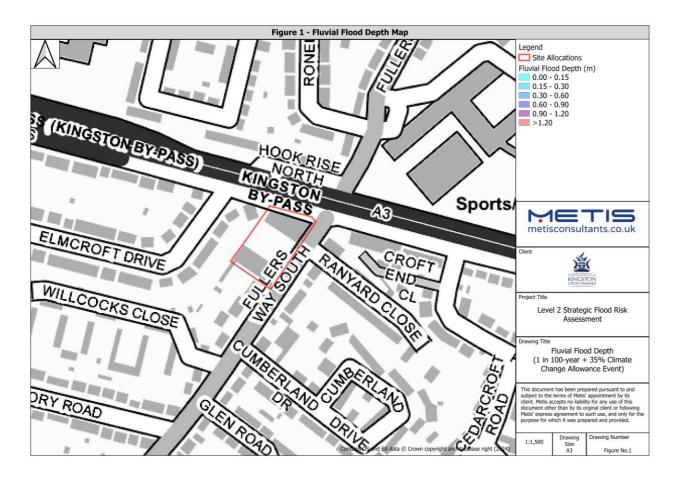
• No. The site is not located within 8m of a Main River or ordinary watercourse.

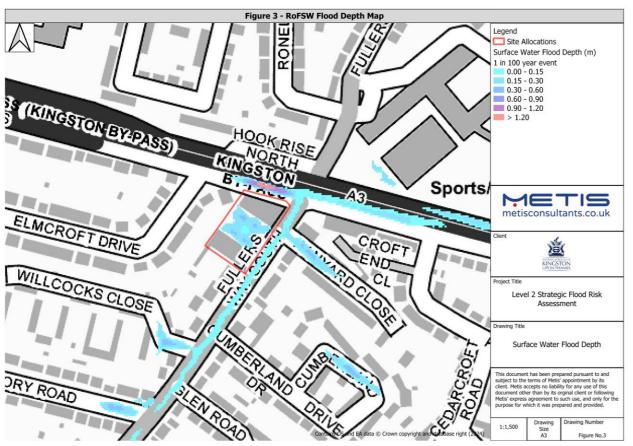
F. Can the site pass the Exception Test?

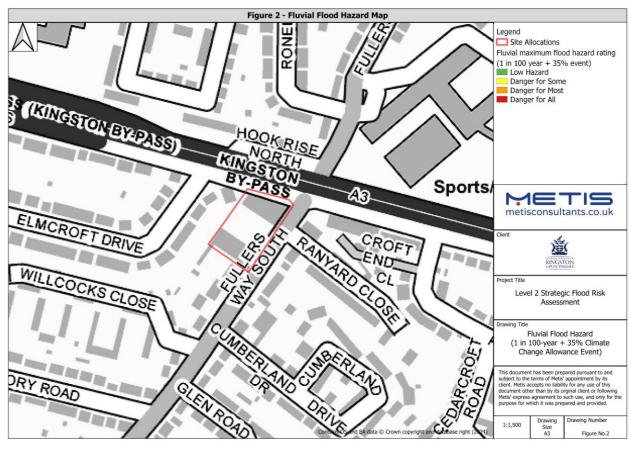
- Yes. The Exception Test is required for this site as 24.91% of the site area is in Flood Zone 3a (surface water) and the proposed vulnerability classification is 'More Vulnerable'.
- This can be passed by making the site safe throughout its lifetime without increasing flood risk elsewhere (see questions A, B and C). The site could also reduce flood risk overall with appropriate SuDS and flood storage compensation measures implemented (see 'Mitigation - Flood Risk Requirements' and 'Mitigation - Surface Water Drainage' boxes).

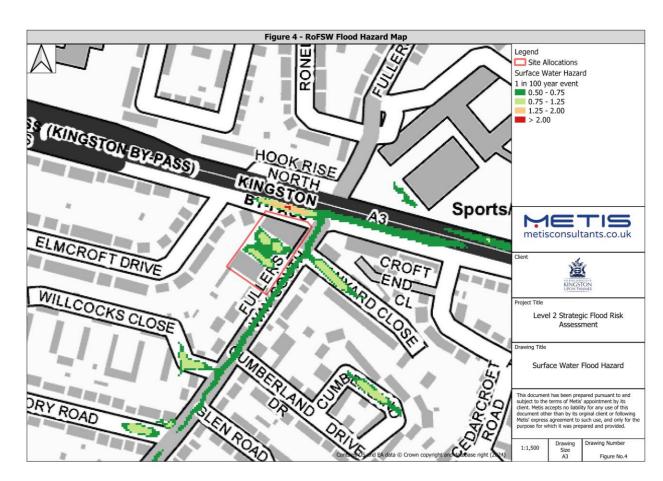
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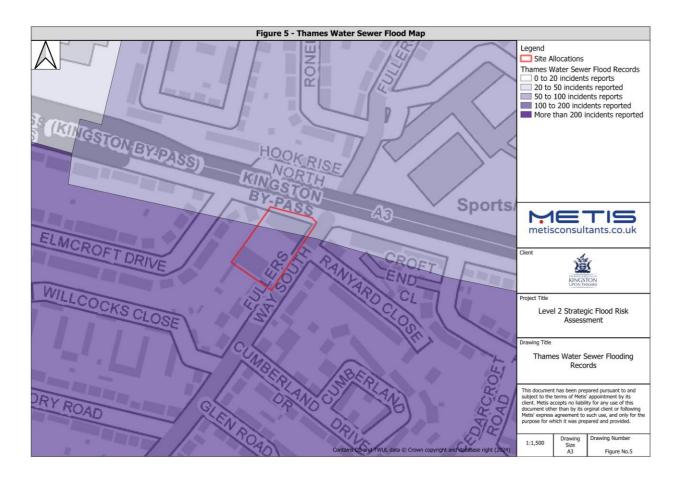


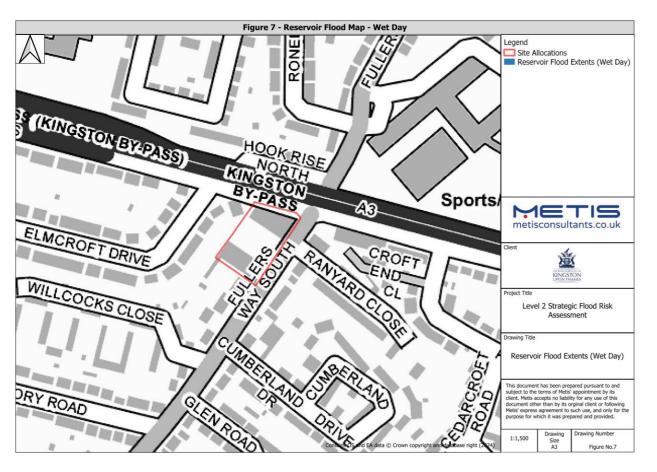


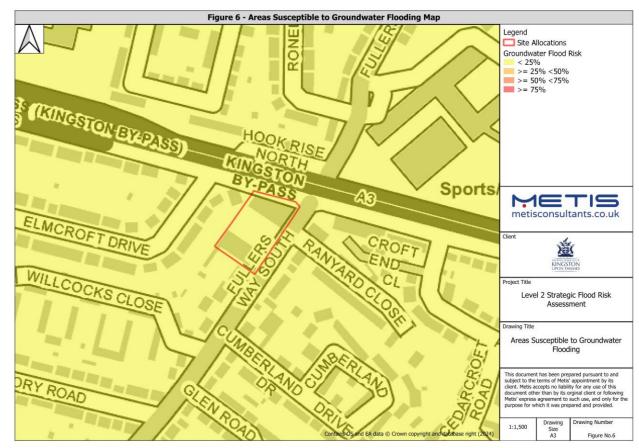


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